

# The Bee

EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1897.

EIGHTH YEAR.

NO. 9

## WARNING.

We wish to caution all users of Simmons Liver Regulator on a subject of the deepest interest and importance to their health—perhaps their lives. The sole proprietors and makers of Simmons Liver Regulator learn that customers are often deceived by buying and taking some medicine of a similar appearance or taste, believing it to be Simmons Liver Regulator. We warn you that unless the word Regulator is on the package or bottle, that it is not Simmons Liver Regulator. No one else makes, or ever has made Simmons Liver Regulator, or anything called Simmons Liver Regulator, but J. H. Zeilin & Co., and no medicine made by anyone else is the same. We alone can put it up, and we cannot be responsible, if other medicines represented as the same do not help you as you are led to expect they will. Bear this fact well in mind, if you have been in the habit of using a medicine which you supposed to be Simmons Liver Regulator, because the name was somewhat like it, and the package did not have the word Regulator on it, you have been imposed upon and have not been taking Simmons Liver Regulator at all. The Regulator has been favorably known for many years, and all who use it know how necessary it is for Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all disorders arising from a Diseased Liver.

We ask you to look for yourselves, and see that Simmons Liver Regulator, which you can readily distinguish by the Red Z on wrapper, and by our name, is the only medicine called Simmons Liver Regulator.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

Take

Simmons Liver Regulator.

## L. & N. RAILROAD

THE GREAT THROUGH TRUNK LINE

between the cities of

Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville

Evansville, St. Louis,

and the cities of

Nashville, Memphis, Montgomery

Mobile and New Orleans,

Without Change

AND SPEED UNRIVALED.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

From St. Louis, Evansville

and Henderson to the

SOUTHEAST AND SOUTH!

THROUGH COACHES

From above cities to Nashville

and Chattanooga, making direct connection

WITH PULLMAN PALACE CARS

For Atlanta, Savannah, Macon,

Jacksonville and Points

IN FLORIDA.

Connections are made at Guthrie

and Nashville for all points

North, East, South and West

In Pullman Palace Cars.

EMIGRANTS

Seeking homes on the line of the

road will receive special low rates

See agents of this company for

rates, routes, &c., or write to

C. P. ATKINS, G. P. & T. A.,

Louisville, Kentucky.

GEORGE KING,

DRUGGIST,

ST. CHARLES,

KENTUCKY.

Fine Line of Druggists' Sundries

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Hotel \$2.00

A Day

Lucile

J. W. PRITCHETT,

PROPR.

MADISONVILLE, KY.

EVANSVILLE ROUTE

CHICAGO

INDIANAPOLIS

TERRE HAUTE

THE TRUNK LINE

To THE NORTH

ROUTE OF THE

CHICAGO and NASHVILLE

LIMITED

THE ONLY

Pullman Ventilated Train Service with

Newest and Finest Day Coaches,

Sleepers and Dining Cars

## FROM THE MAGAZINES.

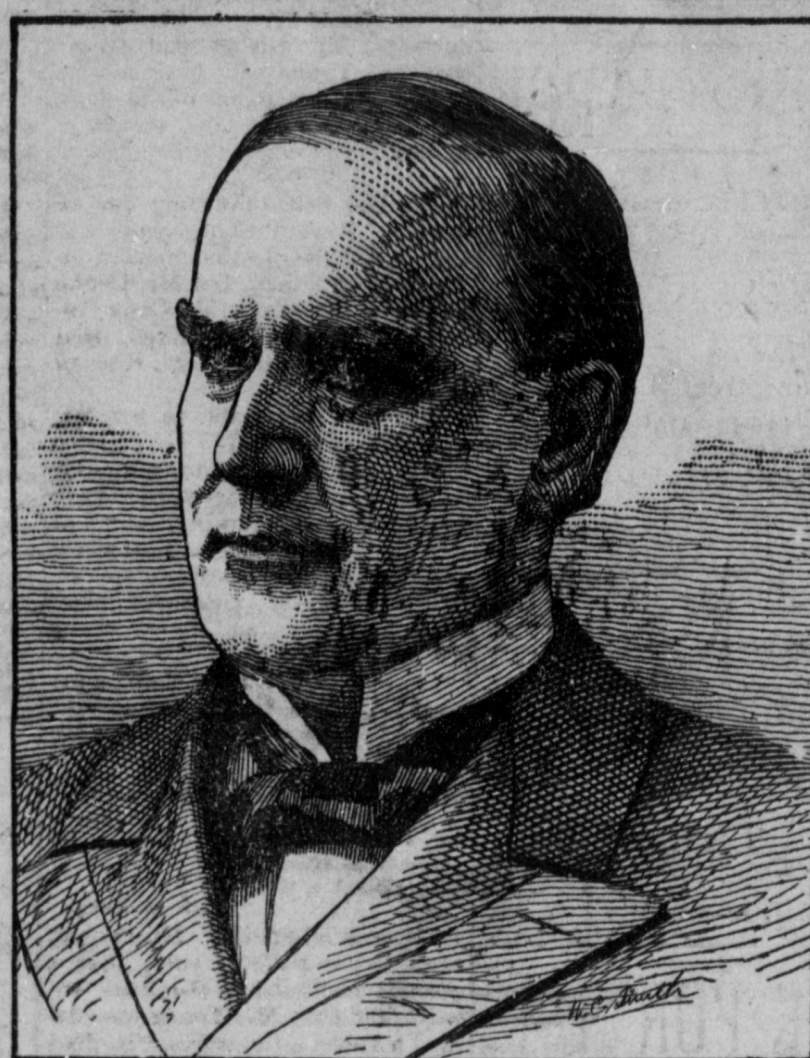
The Business of a Great American Factory and the People Who do the Work

### THE IRISH IN AMERICA.

One hot evening in July last I stood on the brink of a little canal that skirts a row of noble buildings constituting the largest textile mill in New England and perhaps in the world, and watched hundreds and thousands of mill-hands pour over the bridge that connects the mills with the town of which they are the chief support and pride. As the great bell clanged forth its six peals, one could hear the cessation of toil for the day. The mighty turbines, fed by this canal from the merrimack, ceased to revolve, the great Corliss engines that in recent years have come to the aid of water power in all big mills, came to a stop; the three hundred thousand spindles, the eight thousand looms, and the thousands of other ponderous machines, ingenious and effective almost past belief, for picking, cleaning, roving, bleaching, printing, drying, and finishing the one hundred million yards of cotton and woolen goods turned out from these mills every year—all this vast mass of machinery, scattered over sixty acres of flooring, came to a stop. Bell-time, as six o'clock in the afternoon is called in all New England mill-towns, had come. In place of the hum and clatter of machinery, the patter of innumerable feet made itself heard. Then the first of the army of five thousand operatives began to come, first by dribbles, comprising those who did not need to wash or care to, then the larger streams as the doors of some great room were thrown open, each operative having to go and come by a special staircase in order to avoid the gorging of any particular exit in case of fire, and finally the dense stream of humanity, male and female, big and little, until the broad iron bridge was packed and shook under the strain. Brownings' description of the rats as they came in answer to the three shrill notes of the Pied Piper came to my mind.

I hope that should any of the mill-hands of this particular mill ever read these lines they will take no offence at the comparison. The picture was not an unpleasant one; it had just the diversity suggested by the poet. There were men and women, boys and girls, of all ages and colors—even green, and blue, and yellow, and striped—for the operatives in the printing and dyeing shops are as apt to be covered with color as the miller is powdered with flour; here were the fat and the lean, the tall and the short, pretty women and women—less pretty; dark and fair, neat and sloven. And it should be said here that no such squalid poverty saddens the visitor to these mills as can be seen in every manufacturing town in England. Every woman and girl wore shoes; the poor slattern, barefooted, and with a ragged shawl thrown over her head, that one finds by the thousand coming from the cotton-mills of England was conspicuous by her absence. The women and girls of our manufacturing towns, especially where the native American stock still holds its own, retain a vivid appreciation of pretty things in dress and adornment. In some of the cotton towns, such as Fall River, where the French Canadian and the Irish have driven the Yankee girl from the spindles and the loom, there is less concern for personal appearance than in Lynn, for instance, with its American shoe operatives, or in Manchester with its American thread-makers. Among the more recent recruits to the mills are the Armenians and Polish Jews, of whom there are some in almost all the New England manufacturing towns.

Watching the privates of this army of workers pour forth from the mills where they have been at work since half past six in the morning, with an hour's rest at noon, and bearing in mind the fact that these mills have been in steady and profitable operation for nearly half a century, the management of this vast machine for turning out and selling one hundred million yards of goods a year will impress any one as possessing as much general interest, and far more human interest, than the



WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

processes of manufacture themselves.

One feature of the manufacturing industries of a country that makes them of perhaps more interest than the agricultural industries, is the constant change in the character of the product, as well as in the methods of manufacture. The farmers' products seldom or never change. The wheat sealed up in Egyptian tombs fifteen hundred years before the birth of Christ is found to be identical with that grown in Egypt to day, and upon being planted yields a similar crop to that now grown. Not only do manufactured objects change every few years, but the field is constantly enlarged by the appearance of new things to make things not dreamed of a few years ago. Electricity now gives employment to hundreds of thousands of persons whose great grandfathers never heard of a telegraph, a telephone, an electric light, or a motor. While new farms spring up every day in the wilderness, it is always the same old wheat or corn that results. But every day some new factory begins turning out a product the like of which was never seen before, and, in some cases, let us hope may not be seen again. More than this, it is not reasonable to suppose that this stream of novelty which began to flow with the printing press, the steam-engine, and the electric spark, will ever cease. It would be strange if we happy possessors of these wonderful tools, unknown to our forefathers, should fail to profit by them, and turn out still more wonderful things in the future. The next century ought certainly to give the world gifts as valuable as steam and electricity. The factories of 1997 will make wonders, of which we have no conception.—PHILIP G. HUBERT, JR., in March Scribner's.

When our boy was only a few months old he could be quoted by singing. If unusually fretful, his father would sing second, and the two voices would soon soothe him. When less than two years old he showed great interest and fondness for music played by an orchestra at a summer hotel. He was always quiet while the music was performed, and during intervals would insist in his baby way for more. At this time he learned the first eight notes of "Manhattan Beach."

At sixteen months, when I would begin to sing him to sleep, if I did not sing the tune he wanted he would say, "No!" and when asked what mother must sing he would sing "la-la-la," and would never be satisfied until I found the song he wanted. Often I would try a great many before the right one was found. At twenty months he would keep perfect time to bright, lively music by pounding with his hand on a table or chair.

He is twenty-seven months old now, and for the past months has been able to tell me the names of many tunes I would hum or play on the piano. He knows upwards of two dozen airs, and will not allow me to sing the words of one song to the tune of another. Every few days a new tune will strike his fancy, and he will remember it and ask for it. For some time he has been humming parts of songs, and now sings quite a number. He knows the words and music to some of these songs, to others only the chorus, and to "America" no form of public appeal is absent—to aid the building of churches, to endow schools, to build monuments, and to aid every other good purpose for which men or women or children associate themselves. On one day the requests for specific sums aggregated nine thousand dollars. These appeals are unavailing in the nature of things and self-respect ought to restrain the practice.—EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON in the March Ladies' Home Journal.

meter right, repeating words if there are too few for the line. I sing a large variety of songs to him, and if I stop suddenly he will repeat the proper word and note. We have not tried to teach him, but he is very quick and his memory is surprising. Some of his songs are: "Mary Had a Little Lamb," "Three Crows," "Hark, I hear a Voice," "Three Blind Mice," "Noble Duke of York," etc. College songs are his favorites.

There is no special musical ability in the family, though we are all fond of music. His father and I sing duets, and he always asks for certain ones. One evening, about a month ago, I was playing a variety of tunes for him. He was close by and much interested. I wanted to play "Marching through Georgia" to see if he would recognize it. The other tunes were ringing in my head, and I could not remember how the air started. His father was also at a loss, so I asked the boy. He thought a moment, then began to hum, stopping with "No!" Again he tried and with the same result, but the third time he tried and he sang the air perfectly, using "la-la-la" for his words.—M. A. M., in Babyhood.

The Irish in America.

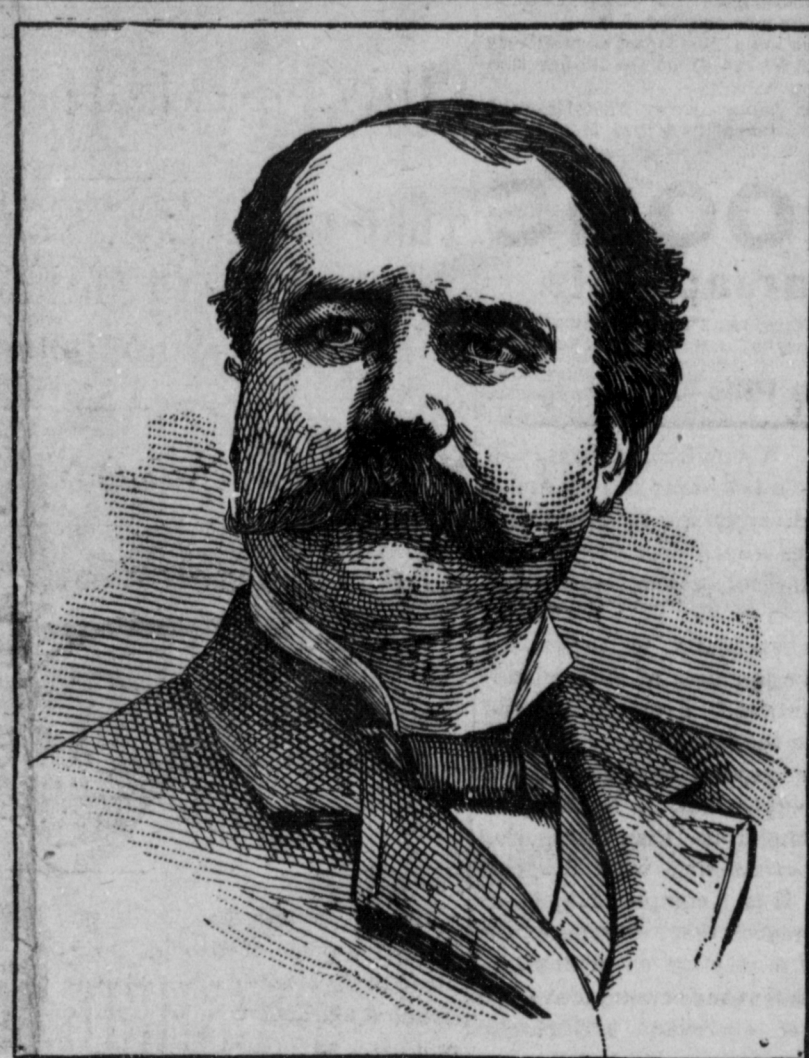
Irishmen have rarely ever received a finer tribute than that which fell from the lips of Hon. G. F. Hoar, the venerable United States senator from Massachusetts.

Speaking at the banquet to Dr. Conaty in Worcester, Mass., Senator Hoar delivered himself of the following noble sentiments: "The single event most important to Massachusetts after the Revolution ended until the rebellion broke out was the Irish immigration which began 1840. We had good reason to bid them welcome. The relation of Ireland to Massachusetts has been quite close from the beginning. In 1676, when Massachusetts was suffering from the terrible effects of King Philip's war, the generous people of Ireland sent over a contribution for our relief.

"They played no unimportant part in the Revolutionary service. One of the most striking and noble figures in that military history is the brave Irishman Montgomery. The greatest military event in our war of independence until the surrender at Yorktown was the expulsion of the British army from Boston. The foot of a foreign invader has not touched the soil of Massachusetts from that day to this.

"When Washington's army entered Boston, after his relieving Putnam on the 17th of March, 1776; with drums beating and colors flying, and Sir William Howe with his army and his troops went out, an event which Burke said 'more like the departure of a people than the retreat of an army,' the watchword of the day was St. Patrick. The good St. Patrick came into Boston with General Washington, and he came to abide.

"The catalogue of the brave soldiers that the Irish race has furnished to America is too long for repetition here. Besides Montgomery, there are Andrew Jackson, the great hero of the war of 1812



GARRETT A. HOBART.

and Phil Sheridan, hero of the war of the rebellion, of whom General Grant once said to me with his own lips; General Sheridan is supposed by some persons to be capable only of a single brilliant and dashing exploit. There never was a greater mistake; he is able to conduct a campaign over an extent of territory as large as any nation in the world can cover with its troops.

There are many of your clergymen among the dead and among the living who have a tender spot in the hearts of the people of Massachusetts. She still cherishes the memory of Bishop Cheverus, the first Catholic bishop of Boston missionary to the Indians, of pestilence, the American Fenelon, afterward archbishop of Bordeaux and cardinal. She does not forget Bishop Fenwick, my father's friend whose honored dust sleeps under the shade of the college which he founded.

"I deem it an honor that you have assigned me a part on this occasion. I am, as you know, a Puritan among Puritans, a dissenter among dissenters, a heretic among heretics. After the way that ye call heresy so worship I the God of my fathers. But I am glad to bring my tribute of honor and respect to Father Conaty."—Donahoe's Magazine.

To Agents of Authorized Companies.

Information has been received at this office that insurance companies not authorized to transact business in this State are soliciting by circular letter and otherwise, and actually writing policies on property located in this State.

The attention of all agents of companies authorized to do business in this Commonwealth is hereby directed to Sec. 633, Kentucky Statutes, which provides a penalty for acting as agent, soliciting for, or placing insurance in unauthorized companies, and Sec. 698, which provides a way in which surplus lines may be placed.

Agents are requested to notify this Department by telegraph when any loss occurs in which unauthorized companies are interested in order that any persons attempting to act for the company in adjustment of a loss may be apprehended and punished for violation of the law.

Property owners who go outside the State to place their insurance in companies that have not complied with the provisions of the State law, must also go outside the State to have their losses adjusted, as it is unlawful for any person to act as agent or adjuster for a company not licensed by this department.

D. N. COMINGORE, Insurance Commissioner.

Cured After Suffering 15 Years.

Mr. E. B. Hackett, a prominent Dry Goods Merchant, of Morganfield, Ky., suffered for years with Constipation and Indigestion, and was prevailed upon by a traveling man to use Carlsbad's German Liver Powder, saying it had done him great good. He gave it a trial and he began to feel better after the first dose. After using it, Mr. Hackett, who was troubled with Piles, was surprised to find himself cured of this most dreaded of all afflictions. He is now a well man and does not have to use any medicine. It cures you and you do not become a slave to the medicine. If you are effected in this manner, give it a trial, as it will only cost you 25cts, and should it not prove as we say, the druggist will refund to you your money. For sale by St. Bernard Drug Store.

## Roads and Farmers Value.

How much would you give for a farm located a thousand miles from a railroad, a wagon road, and every other means of communication with the rest of the world?

How much would you give for a farm within four miles of a railroad and the wagon roads for those four miles filled with mud, stones, sand and trying grades?

And wouldn't you give more for that farm if the road to town or to several market points were hard and smooth and level, so that vehicles of all kinds, including bicycles, would happily convey many people to and fro, and so you could market the farm produce quickly and cheaply?

The value of a farm depends almost wholly on the railroads and wagon roads about it. Good roads are worth more to the farmer than to any one else. The more easily, quickly and pleasantly he can get to and from his farm the more it is worth an acre.

The distance to market depends on the character of the Road.—Good Roads.

Are Women Growing Nicer?

Are women becoming more marriageable? Somebody writing in London "Woman" flatters them that they are. The writer declares that they are not so ready to rush into matrimony, certainly, for their lives are no longer stunted and empty, and they are perhaps inclined to subject suitors to a little more mental criticism. Moreover, men are, happily, not so eager to marry young. "I think we shall find as the world goes on more happy marriages, and rejoice our quality of benevolence, for the reasons that I have just stated are deep, and powerful incentives to happiness. If only each sex would more fully realize the honor done to it at the altar by the other! The nicest, most chivalrous hearted men sometimes say that half their pleasure in a wife consists in taking care of her, yet one can not help agreeing with the saying of some writer that a woman, in order to give her hand with dignity, must be able to stand alone."—Ex.

To be Healthy.

Prof. Shuetuck says: "Eat fruit for breakfast. Eat fruit for lunch. Avoid pastry. Shun muffins and crumpets and buttered toast. Eat whole-meal bread. Decline potatoes if they are served more than once a day. Do not drink tea or coffee. Walk four miles every day. Wash the face every night in warm water and sleep eight hours. Take a bath every day. You will never need nerve medicine.

The reduction in the prices of steel rails is expected to cause efforts to be made by the rival manufacturers to obtain their fuel at lower prices and cause a cut in wages both of mill hands and miners.

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey acts as a balm to the lungs, cutting the mucus, allaying the inflammation, healing and strengthening. It is sure to do you good—cannot do you harm. Thousands have been benefited by its use.

The Girard coal trust brings in a sufficient income to maintain 1,600 pupils at the college.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for La Grippe, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. 25 and 50c bottles for sale by St. Bernard Drug Store, Earlinton; Ben T. Robinson, Mortons Gap; George King, St. Charles.

The C. & O. R. R., having secured the bulk of the New England coal trade for a term of years by cutting rates is increasing its rolling stock and enlarging the capacity of its cars. The new coal cars hold forty tons each.

A Well Known Physician, Dr. W. R. McDowell, of Central City, Ky., says German Liver Powder is the best family medicine made, and no home should be without it. Price 25cts. Money refunded where not satisfactory. For sale by St. Bernard Drug Store.

The Ohio soft-coal-traffic association at Cleveland had under discussion the establishment of a single sales agency for all of the bituminous coal producers upon a percentage basis to distribute about 10,000,000 tons.

JUSTICE BLUING.

Trade Mark.

A Quart Jar 50 Cents.

DOES NOT STREAK THE CLOTHES.

The best Bluing made. Take no other.

For sale by St. Bernard Drug Store.

PISO'S CURE FOR COUGHS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

F. G. NIEMS,

PRACTICAL

Watchmaker and Jeweler

Late with Tabor Bros., Manufacturing Jewelers, Dallas, Tex., and Ernest Wiggers, Nashville, Tennessee. Am prepared to do

First-Class Jewelry Repairing

Office at Walker & Twyman's, Main street, west of Railroad.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

DR. A. P. BOSTON

PRACTICE LIMITED TO

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat.

MADISONVILLE, KY.

Office in Hustler Building, Up-stairs.

A LA BELLE JARDINIERE

L. FRITSCH & SON,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS

IMPORTER OF CLOTHS AND SUITINGS.

317 Upper First St., Evansville, Ind.

He earnestly solicits the patronage of his Hop-

kins country friends.

Burlington

Route

BEST TRAINS

TO

Kansas City, Montana,

Colorado, Pacific Coast,

Utah, Washington, Omaha,

St. Paul, Nebraska,

Black Hills,

—VIA—

St. Louis or Chicago.

VESTIBULED TRAINS,

SLEEPERS, DINING CARS,

CHAIR CARS (SEAT).

CONSULT TICKET AGENT, OR

F. M. RUGG, TRAV. PASS'G AGENT,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think

thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may

bring you wealth. Write JOHN W. WIDEMAN,

BURIN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington

D. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer.

GROVES

MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS

TASTELESS

CHILL

TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CTS.

CAUTION. ILL., NOV. 15, 1895.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of

GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have

bought three gross more for this year. In our

experience of 14 years, in the drug business, we

never sold an article that gave much universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ADNEY, CARR & CO.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may

quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is

patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents

in America. We have a Washington office.

Patents taken through Adams & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

Illustrated. Unusually large circulation of

any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year;

\$1.00 six months. Specimen copies and LITERARY

BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,

361 Broadway, New York.

NEW

BELMONT

Sufficiently Heated

Well Watered &

Lit by Gas

This House is New!

Furnishings are New!

Everything First-Class

HOTEL

MADISONVILLE, KY.

A. R. Jones, Proprietor.





S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**CIRCUIT JUDGE.**  
**MARBLE**—We are authorized to announce that Hon. William Marble, of Princeton, as a candidate for Circuit Judge in this, the fourth judicial district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

**STATE SENATE.**  
**ROBINSON**—We are authorized to announce that Ben T. Robinson as a candidate for State Senator from the counties of Hopkins and Christian, subject to the action of the Republican party.

**BAKER**—We are authorized to announce that Dr. W. S. Baker, of Madisonville, as a candidate for State Senator from the counties of Hopkins and Christian, subject to the action of the Republican party.

**WEATHER FORECAST.**  
For Thursday, colder; generally fair weather.

What ever did become of that "twenty-five?"

**JOHN FELAND, JR.**, will make the race for Commonwealth's Attorney in his district.

**PAUL MOORE'S** ride was like that of Paul Revere in at least one particular: It got what it went after.

WHERE was that "eagle eye" while the Nebo free silver "boodle" case was being introduced to the Grand Jury?

**ELKLYN** liquor cases at Hopkinsville were compromised by the payment of \$300 by the defendant. Got off pretty cheap.

In Todd County the Republicans and National Democrats have concluded that they are natural allies and fused for the County fight.

We acknowledge the receipt of the Bowling Green Daily Press, a handsome and breezy little Republican daily, just started in that city of many newspapers.

The "Inaugural Ball" is said not to be a ball at all, but only a promenade concert. The crush is too great for elbow room and twinkling feet are out of the question.

The Bee has made no attempt to control a grand jury or to run a court, nor shall it. Both these institutions are of long and honored standing, supposed to possess character, dignity and power to regulate matters in their jurisdiction. Certainly the Hopkins County Circuit Court and its juries are able to sustain the time honored tradition which attributes to these high tribunals these elements of strength.

The attack made on Mr. W. L. Cunningham by the Mail of Tuesday, put in the form of an anonymous letter dated from Nebo, is the very depth of villany and cowardice.

The open assault upon grand jurors made by a rural correspondent in the same issue, in whose brain still rattles the echoes of "shameful bloody murder!" "midnight assassin!" "struck down at the dead hour of midnight," from the rantings of the late free silver campaign howlers, the spirit of this attack we say is paradoxical beside the anonymous calumniation against W. L. Cunningham. The manner of its making exhibits the desperate straits to which the Mail is reduced by his honest statement of facts.

President Cleveland has again commanded the esteem of good citizens everywhere by his refusal to pardon the Indianapolis editor convicted of publishing and sending through the mails an obscene paper. In denying the petition for pardon Mr. Cleveland said:

This convict was one of the editors

and proprietors and a distributor through the mails and otherwise of a disgusting and obscene newspaper. His conviction and sentence was an event distinctly tending to the promotion of public morals, and the protection of the sons and daughters of our land from filth and corruption. At a time when indecent newspaper publication is so dangerous and common, everybody in favor of cleanliness should encourage the punishment of such offenders and desire that it should be more frequently imposed. While I am much surprised by the number of respectable people who have joined in urging clemency in the case, my duty seems so clear to me that I am not in the least tempted to interfere with the just and wholesome sentence of the court.

There are many other indecent papers that manage not to be "obscene." What pity that the press should stoop to vile things.

**Dr. Baker for Senator.**  
In this issue we announce the candidacy of Dr. W. S. Baker of Madisonville, for the office of State Senator from the counties of Hopkins and Christian subject to the action of the Republican party.

Dr. Baker is an old soldier, served under Burnside and Sherman, was at the sieges of Knoxville and Atlanta, and has been a steadfast Republican from the war to the present time. He has practiced medicine in Madisonville for a number of years and is well known to the people of this County. The Doctor is a man of sterling worth and, if elected, would serve his constituents with care and zeal.

**Fake Bookkeeping.**  
The obstructionist papers are comparing the balance left in the Treasury at the close of the Harrison administration with the balance turned over by Cleveland to McKinley. They state the former to have been \$2,472,808,788, and that the latter is \$112,837,255. But they fail to notice that instead of borrowing money Harrison paid off millions of the public debt, and conceal the very important financial fact that the balance left in the treasury by Cleveland is merely the residue of the loan obtained by issuing bonds to the amount of \$262,000,000. If our friends the enemy will bring this loan into the book account they will show a deficit of about \$149,162,745. This was caused by a falling off of customs receipts under the Wilson law of \$130,000,000.

**Cuban Brutality.**  
If the story of the death of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, the American citizen in the prison at Guanabacoa, by the torture of "compante" is true, no search need be made in the records of old Spanish inquisition for more horrible and fiendish practice than that suffered in Cuba in this century of enlightenment.

It is said that Dr. Ruiz endured the fearful punishment of the compante for four days before his life was ended.

The torture consists in beating with a cylindrical piece of iron, taking care that death does not ensue until the horrible treatment has been repeated several times. When life can no longer be kept in the horribly abused body the victim is ended by a decisive blow on the head. In this case Dr. Ruiz is said to have been tortured four nights and left in solitary confinement during the intervals, with all hope fled. Can you imagine a greater horror? Is there any wonder American blood boils when such things are related?

**Bimetallism.**  
Senator Walcott's quixotic trip to Europe in the interest of free silver is believed by some to have some connection with the formation and assembling of an international Bimetallist Congress. Those who are best acquainted with that individual assert that it was principally to promote the interests of Walcott.

Few can explain Bimetallism so that he who runs may read. The problem is difficult and complex and the facts in reference to it are not easily obtained. It is theoretically an international contract to maintain two metals when coined at relative fixed values notwithstanding the commercial value of the bullion should materially differ.

It would seem to the student of monetary history to be practically impossible. An agreement might be perfected that a multiple of a certain silver coin should in all international business transactions be received as equal to a certain gold coin, but it would be difficult to enforce laws to prevent the disappearance and sale of the more valuable coin. There is one law superior to legislative enactments either national or international. It is the law of supply and demand. The combinations of capital; the fulminations of labor agitators; the statutory provisions of class legislation must all bow to the potentiality of this invisible, unostentatious force that has ruled from time immemorial. Circumstances govern the appreciation of gold as determined by the cost of specific

**Why Because**  
Do people buy Hood's Sarsaparilla in preference to any other, in fact almost to the exclusion of all others?  
They know from actual use that Hood's is the best, i. e., it cures when others fail. Hood's Sarsaparilla is still made under the personal supervision of the educated pharmacist who originated it.  
The question of best is just as positively decided in favor of Hood's as the question of comparative sales.  
Another thing: Every advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla is true, is honest.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

articles. A hundred dollars will purchase a fair violin but an Amati or Stradivarius would bring several times what it cost when made.

Bimetallists acknowledge that the success of the plan for a bi-metallic standard is dependant upon an agreement of all the leading countries. From the initial points to the finish the question is one for experts and surrounded with perplexities. Nothing is more dangerous than tampering and experimenting with the currency. It is a complex subject, as the influences that determine the value of money are so remote, interdependent and counteractive that the most observant and careful specialists are puzzled to bring out similar results.

How can it be expected that street orators should grasp and decide such momentous problems, which those who have made a life-long study and been conversant with the practical management of international commerce reject. To the ordinary layman unbiased by partisan prejudices or selfish considerations, knowing that our present bi-metallic currency based upon a gold standard has provided for the coinage of a larger amount of silver than of gold, it would seem superfluous to occupy much time in debating or advocating an impossible double standard.

**Late Literary News.**  
The most intensely interesting people of the world just at this moment are the millions of famine and plague stricken India. But little is known of this region by the people of the United States. Such reports as come to us are the things seen through the British glasses. What has been the effect of British rule in India? Why these terrible famines? Why plagues? Julian Hawthorne has been sent by The Cosmopolitan Magazine to India to obtain answers to these questions at first hand and depict the situation as it appears to an American. The March Cosmopolitan contains the first of what is probably the most important series of articles ever presented in this magazine. Nothing has been published which gives an adequate idea of the larger operations of business—at least nothing by the class of men fitted for such work by thorough familiarity with the subjects of which they write. The article in the March Cosmopolitan on "The Methods of Banking," by the President of one of the largest banks of New York—a man of widest business experience—formerly Postmaster General James—is one which every person, however humble his clericalship or high his place in the financial world, will find interesting and instructive. This series will constitute a very complete course of business training, and every young man just entering business life and every old man will alike find it of immense value.

**POLITICAL NOTES.**  
The question of the Hopkinsville Asylum Superintendency is not yet settled. It is generally believed that Dr. T. W. Gardner, of Madisonville, is slated for the place in case Dr. Letcher resigns or is removed, but nothing can be definitely said under the present conditions.

Mr. J. R. Rash has been interviewed and says he would like the Democratic nomination for Legislator. Aside from his politics he is excellent timber.

Ben T. Robinson, candidate for State Senator from this district is in Washington with the other Senators and will see the inauguration ceremonies through rain or shine.

We announce today the candidacy of Dr. W. S. Baker for Republican nomination for State Senator from Hopkins & Christian Counties.

Prof. Wilbur R. Smith, of Lexington, wants to be Register of the Treasury.

The Courier-Journal's Frankfort correspondent yesterday predicted that Gov. Bradley would appoint a U. S. Senator on Friday and immediately call a special session of the Legislature.

Reports are that Mr. McKinley will be a full fledged President before he shall have arranged for a full fledged Cabinet.

# PROOF IN PLENTY.

## Affidavits and Statements From Five of the Election Officers of the Mill Precinct

# SUBSTANTIATE THE CHARGE

## That Walter M. Young Attempted to Cast a Fraudulent Vote at the Late Election.

# WAS IT MEANT FOR BRYAN?

## The Character of These Gentlemen Above Assault, Even Through the Latest and Vilest Avenue of Anonymous Letters.

Last week THE BEE gave publicity to a piece of "boodle" literature in the form of an explicit and detailed affidavit from W. L. Cunningham, an honest small farmer of the Nebo country, which carried with it the conviction of its truthfulness and disturbed the Popocratic demagogues and the unscrupulous Mail, as they have not been disturbed since the morning after the late election, which culminates today in the inauguration ceremonies at Washington.

They and the Mail have been given full swing at the alleged "boodler agent of the Republican party." The Mail has rung the changes constantly on this theme, and THE BEE has kept its own counsel and let them rave. All forces possible have been marshalled in the attempt to prejudice public sentiment into the belief that a crime had been committed at Nortonville, because forthwith THE BEE stated last week "a sum of money was left with a Nortonville man to be handed to the Republican precinct committeeman to be used for legitimate campaign purposes, which money was neither delivered nor returned."

All pressure possible has been brought to bear by the Mail and the Popocratic demagogues behind it to force an indictment as a matter of politics, without reference to the facts in the case. They have played their hand without scruple and now must suffer the deep chagrin at their luckless attempt to force the grand jury and run the Court. That case, the Mail says, was pushed with all ardor before the grand jury, who after thorough investigation, dismissed the matter without returning an indictment—as an unbiased grand jury must, in the very nature of the case, have done.

In his affidavit Mr. Cunningham told what he knew of genuine rascality on the part of the Democrats in their attempts to buy votes at Nebo.

THE BEE, although for some time in possession of the facts in the Nebo case, has not interposed these facts in the way of the complete and thorough investigation of the Nortonville matter, which seemed to be demanded by many of the honest but misinformed people of the county. It is best that the grand jury should have investigated that case which has been so continuously exploited and misrepresented since its occurrence, and that they should have been allowed to do so without the interposition of any counter charges. They have done this and have declared by their actions that they do not see cause to indict. Following this the Mail has grossly betrayed its indiscreet friend or friends on that jury, and defamed and maligned certain jurors whom, with the combined aid of office-seeking, Popocratic, ring politicians, it was unable to influence against their sense of right and justice.

In connection with the Cunningham affidavit, THE BEE published two other items which have been quietly kept on tap for use at the proper time. One of these items was with regard to the misappropriation of the money left with the Nortonville free silver man to be delivered to the Republican precinct committeeman to be used for legitimate campaign purposes, and which money—the famous "twenty-five"—seems to have remained in the hands of that ambitious free silver aspirant for county office—at least as THE BEE stated, the money "was never delivered nor returned."

The other item was with reference to the attempt of Mr. Walter M. Young, the Mail's senior proprietor, to cast a vote at the late election, to which he was not entitled. Here is the exact language used by THE BEE upon this point:

One of the main straws that indicate the honesty and high motives which actuate the management of the Mail is the record of the attempt by the man who is known as its senior proprietor, to cast a fraudulent vote for Bryan.

When challenged he insisted on voting, but admitted that he had not been in the county proper length of time. He could not have been ignorant of the law, and persisted in attempting to violate the

Hopkins County Bank, who had been challenger for the free silver Democrats, and interviewed him upon the matter.

In answer to a question Mr. Nisbet said: "Yes, I was challenger for the Democratic party in the Mill precinct at the late election. Mr. Walter Young came to the polls to vote and I turned him back. He came there to vote and would have voted if we had allowed it." Upon being asked whether Mr. Young had argued his case after being told he could not vote, Mr. Nisbet said "Yes" that Mr. Young had continued by offering the argument to the effect that he was born and raised in the State and ought to be allowed to vote."

THE BEE called the same day to see Mr. Dayton Cooke who was also one of the election officers in the Mill precinct, but Mr. Cooke was out. However, Mr. Cooke remembers, and has so stated, that Mr. Young did attempt to vote in that precinct.

THE BEE was unable to see Mr. Wash Rhea that day. He came to town just after the editor left. But on Monday he was seen and gave to THE BEE the following statement in writing, which, so far as it goes, is directly corroborative of the affidavit of Messrs. Utterback, Martin and Showers, and the interview with Mr. Nisbet.

Here is Mr. Rhea's statement: As I remember the occurrence, Mr. Walter Young appeared before the election officers in the Mill Precinct at Madisonville, Ky., on November 3, 1896, for the purpose of voting, and made a statement, but was refused a vote. I do not remember who challenged him, nor just what passed in the discussion.

WASH M. RHEA.  
He remembers that Mr. Young came to the polls to vote, that a general discussion of the case ensued, and that Mr. Young was denied a vote. As he states, "he does not remember who challenged him" nor the details of the discussion.

Mr. Rhea also remarked that he believed the board of officers that served in the Mill precinct were all thoroughly conscientious, and only wanted to see justice done. In this opinion, THE BEE heartily concurs.

Thus Mr. Walter Young of the Mail stands convicted of the charge against him, upon the testimony of Messrs. R. B. Utterback, W. W. Showers, J. D. Martin, Wash Rhea and Earnest Nisbet, all honorable gentlemen of the highest character and citizenship, whose statements the Mail will not dare to question, even in its latest and vilest manner of attacking the character of honest men through the wretchedly base avenue of a dirty, low-flung anonymous letter.

# DOWN IN THE MINES.

Mr. Ben T. Robinson, who now asks to be nominated and elected State Senator for this senatorial district, was at one time considered among the best of miners and many thousands of bushels of coal has mined in the St. Charles mines.

The second trip of Mr. J. B. Atkinson to the Georgia gold fields confirm him in the belief that the vein found there can be worked profitably under proper management.

Secretary Jones, of the Barney Coal Company, made a trip last Saturday for the purpose of opening up new markets for their coal.

In last Sunday's issue, the Courier-Journal, in a special from Frankfort, has this to say about Inspector Norwood: "State Inspector of Mines Norwood's commission expires tomorrow, but no successor to him will be appointed before April 1, and it begins to be probable that he will hold on indefinitely." And we will add that we hope after a careful consideration of the matter that Governor Bradley can see his way clear to reappoint him. We say this because the operators and miners alike regard him as a man well adapted for the position he holds and again the records will show that under him such a thing as an accident from improper ventilation when his orders are carried out has become a thing of the past. When the Governor selects men to fill positions under him it is natural to believe he aims to select those qualified for the positions, and we do hope he will keep one who has been tried and not found wanting.

The sad news reached here last Friday that Carl Humphrey, a nephew of Mrs. McCauley, of this place, had met with an accident in the Sebree coal mines which resulted in his death. He was employed as a driver in the mine and was thrown from the mine car, and his head crushed between car and bank timber. His remains were shipped to Spigall's, Tenn., where they were interred.

While the weather the past week was not such as a coal operator or miner would have ordered, yet a fair week's work was done.

In Pennsylvania last week, a thousand coal miners struck for an advance in wages, but most of them went to work again when they saw that the opposition to the strike among the miners was too strong for them.

Last Friday in South Dakota, the thermometer registered 21 degrees below zero, and in many places coal was so scarce that loss of lives by extreme cold was feared.

# LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS.

A serious accident occurred at Pembroke last Saturday, while a young lady by the name of Gertrude Lucas was attempting to cross from depot over to platform, she was struck by the engine and knocked down, the engine and baggage car striking her and cutting off an arm and leg. Her home was at Fredonia, Ky., and she was just starting for home after a visit to relatives at Pembroke. Such an accident is greatly to be deplored.

A change of Master of Trains has taken place on the St. Louis division this week. Mr. Logsdon being succeeded by Mr. Sargent, late dispatcher on that division.

Another north end crew has been put on in order to handle the heavy freight business, and Captain Cole, Jr., has been the lucky man.

One hundred and sixty-eight miles in one hundred and seventy-six minutes is the

record a fast train made last week, on one of our railroads in this country.

Supervisors Sullivan and Davis made Evansville a business visit last week. They were assisting the roadmaster on his monthly report.

On account of high water in the Ohio the O. V. company has been using the Henderson bridge this week.

A fall from a box car while the train was standing still, injured brakeman Leonard one day last week.

Attorney W. L. Gordon, of Madisonville was called to Louisville last week by the serious illness of his wife. He returned with her in a special car last Saturday.

Suspicion now rests on Cal Martin, and it is the belief of his many friends that he is seriously contemplating matrimony in the near future. All agree that he will make a good husband.

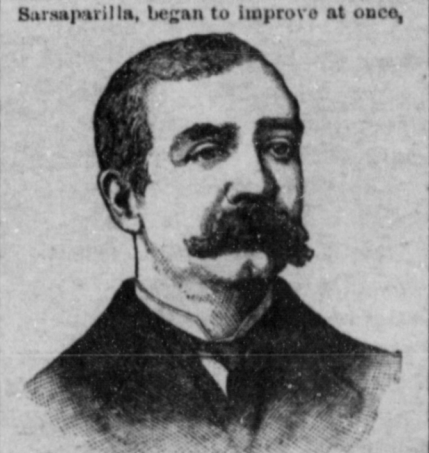
Capt. J. A. Prentice, the popular conductor of the E. and G., and poet laureate of the L. & N., was born near Louisville and reared in that bustling city. Mrs. Prentice, the good wife, was Miss Scrogan, of the Falls City, a refined, cultured lady and the pair have been wedded fifteen years. For twenty-two years, Capt. Prentice has been a conductor, three years of that time being spent on this division of the L. & N. He is 50 years old, parts his hair in the middle, is a Mark Twain in humor, a Chesterfield in manner, and a McKinley gold bug in politics. Captain Prentice is also a lineal descendant of George D. Prentice, and through his veins trickle the poetic inspiration that distinguished the great Kentuckian in his day.—*Edison Progress.*

# OVERWORK

## —INDUCED— Nervous Prostration

### Complete Recovery by the Use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"Some years ago, as a result of too close attention to business, my health failed. I became weak, nervous, was unable to look after my interests, and manifested all the symptoms of a decline. I took three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, began to improve at once,



and gradually increased my weight from one hundred and twenty-five to two hundred pounds. Since then, I and my family have used this medicine when needed, and we are all in the best of health, a fact which we attribute to Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I believe my children would have been fatherless to-day had it not been for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, of which preparation I cannot say too much."—H. O. Hinson, Postmaster and Planter, Kinard's, R. C.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**  
RECEIVING MEDAL AT WORLD'S FAIR.  
AYER'S PILLS SAVE DOCTOR'S BILLS

# OUR CLUBBING OFFER.

Now is the Time to Subscribe for Your Winter Reading.

THE BEE AND DAILY AND SUNDAY GLOBE-DEMOCRAT both one year for.....	\$6.50
THE BEE AND DAILY (only) GLOBE-DEMOCRAT both one year.....	\$4.50
THE BEE AND DAILY AND SUNDAY COURIER-JOURNAL both one year for.....	\$8.25
THE BEE AND DAILY (only) COURIER-JOURNAL both one year for.....	\$6.50
THE BEE AND LOUISVILLE EVENING POST both one year for.....	\$2.75
THE BEE AND TWICE-A-WEEK GLOBE-DEMOCRAT one year for.....	\$1.75
THE BEE AND TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL both one year for.....	\$1.50
THE BEE AND WEEKLY LOUISVILLE COMMERCIAL both one year for.....	\$1.25
THE BEE and any leading publication at LOW PRICE.	

# HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

# A New Eight-volume Encyclopaedia

# At About Your Own Price.

Every one who has had occasion to consult the cumbersome old encyclopaedias for some needed information, will be glad to know of the appearance of a new general reference work built along different lines, so that any child can read may successfully consult it.

Such a work is The New Standard American Encyclopaedia in eight large quarto volumes, and which embraces the substance of all the other encyclopaedias, besides a very large amount of new up-to-date matter none of them contain. It introduces a vast number of new words, names, facts, ideas, inventions, methods and developments. It treats, in all, over 60,000 topics, which is from 6,000 to 10,000 more than any other work. The publishers of the "Standard American" have also lavishly embellished the new work. There are over 8,500 illustrations, which cover every conceivable subject, lending new interest to the descriptions, and forming a succession of pleasing surprises. It also contains over 300 colored maps, charts, and diagrams, and constitutes a complete atlas of the world such as no other encyclopaedia has undertaken to present. This feature will be found of the highest value in the education of the young, for the pictures and colored maps will have a distinct fascination for them, and thus prove an important incentive to reading and study.

The professional or business man, whose time is money; the teacher, who is called upon to at once answer all sorts of questions; the toiling student and inquiring scholar, at home or the desk, will find in the new work the most useful and practical library in the world for quick and ready reference on all subjects. One who owns it will possess the equivalent of a score of other reference books which would cost many times the price of this.

Another feature in which the new work stands absolutely alone, is its very full appendixes, which embrace over 100 subdivisions, including a Biographical Dictionary, a Dictionary of Technical Terms, a Gazetteer of the United States, Presidential Elections in the United States, Religious Summaries, State and Territorial Election Statistics, Statistics of the population of the world, and a veritable mine of information on thousands of subjects of universal interest and importance.

But it is in its treatment of recent subjects that the Standard American will be found of paramount value. All other encyclopaedias are from five to ten years old, and are silent regarding hundreds of topics that every reference work should contain. Such, for instance, as "The X-Ray," "Argon," "Horseless Carriages," "The Atlanta Exposition," "Color Photography," etc., etc. It also gives biographies of hundreds of people who have lately become famous, such as Prof. Roentgen, discoverer of the "X-Ray," Ian MacLaren, Dr. Hansen, the explorer, Rudyard Kipling, etc., etc. On account of its lateness in all these matters, as well as its accuracy, it has become the standard in Schools, Colleges, Courts, Public Libraries, and wherever important questions come up for discussion.

It would therefore seem that no professional man, artisan, mechanic, teacher, pupil, or farmer, can well afford to be without this most useful, practical and latest of all encyclopaedias, especially as its price has been so arranged as to make the work a great bargain, and render its possession possible to almost any one who earnestly desires to own it. Detailed particulars regarding the work and how to secure it at practically your own price, may be found in an advertisement on another page of this issue.

Are you a subscriber to THE BEE? You should be.

# Don't Use Drugs

unless you need them, and then only pure drugs, such as are sold by responsible druggists. We keep only the best. That is, we make a great distinction to be looked for when the time comes that you need them. Nowhere else will you find so complete a stock of a good time to begin that spring medicine.

ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE,  
BRYAN HOPPER, Manager.

# BISHOP'S LINENS.

Linens are always in season, aren't they? Especially Table Linens, Napkins, Ninety inch Linen Sheeting and Linen Towels.

Our Table Linens run in price from 25c. to \$1.50 a yard.

For 45c. we show a Sixty-six Inch One-half Bleached Damask, with tasty border, and a vine running through the body of the cloth, that will make you say, "Cut me off two and one-half yards," as soon as you see it.

For 50c. we show a nice assortment of styles in both Bleached and One-half Bleached Damasks, running in width from 64 to 68 inches.

Our Twenty-five inch Damask is not linen, though it makes a good appearance and washes first-rate.

In Ninety-inch Linen Sheeting we show three grades, 75c., \$1 and \$1.35. These are selling nicely for Table Cloths and Napkins, the purchaser displaying her skill in Drawing, Hemstitching, etc. These also come in for Table or Dresser Scarfs, Doyleys, etc.

In Towels, Crashers and Napkins, we keep constantly on hand a complete assortment. See our All-linen Towels at 20c., 25c., 35c. and 50c. a pair. Our Job Lots are still going at prices regardless of cost.

## BISHOP & CO., MADISONVILLE, KENTUCKY.

"YOUR MONEY BACK IF YOU WANT IT."

# Consumption

Out-door life and Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites have cured thousands of cases of consumption in the early stages. They cure old, advanced cases too; but not so many, nor so promptly. When a case is so far advanced that a cure cannot be made, even then SCOTT'S EMULSION checks the rapidity of the disease, relieves the pains in the chest, reduces the night sweats, and makes the cough easier. In these cases it comforts and prolongs life. Don't experiment with cures that destroy the digestion. Pin your faith to the one remedy which has been THE STANDARD FOR OVER 20 YEARS.

Book about it free for the asking. For sale by all druggists at 50c. and \$1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.







## AGRICULTURAL ITEMS.

HAUL MANURE

Where manure is to be applied for the benefit of spring crops it should be gotten out as early as possible, before the rush of spring work comes on. When the ground thaws out it will be too soft to haul over till it is in order to plow; then the plow must be started and the manure is often left in the yards to waste away. There will be but little loss of fertility by washing if applied to comparatively level lands this month. Many farmers who have at home all the land they can farm right within their own resources are renting more land with a view to hiring the work done and realizing a profit therefrom. They seldom make it pay. Farm products are much cheaper, comparatively, than farm help and we believe the conservative man who confines his operations to what he can do well without hiring much is making more clear money and with less worry than the man who spends too much.

### ORCHARD CULTIVATION.

An orchard well managed may be made to pay several times as much for the land occupied and the labor spent as the best field on the farm. But it will be a poor investment if it is neglected and suffered to go to ruin. Cultivation is indispensable to enable the soil to contribute its fertility to the trees. The surface must not be left untouched to become covered with rank weeds or moss, to lie bare and barren. There is nothing better than a crop of clover, and this should be permitted to die down and decay on the surface. A plow should never be suffered in an orchard. Only the surface should be stirred, lest the fine feeding roots may be injured and the trees checked in their growth. A good harrowing in the fall and two or three in the summer will be all the cultivation an orchard requires.

### PRUNING TREES.

Cut as close to the collar as possible and do not injure it. Make the scar smooth and flat, and when it is large cover the wound with white lead, or grafting wax, to prevent the check and keep the air out. Where the peach tree is not pruned long, slender branches form, and these produce fruit mainly at their outer ends. The tree will carry much more fruit if properly distributed, and will produce more perfect fruit. The cutting will not be attended with injury if done while the tree is dormant. That the peach trees should be left to grow at will is an outgrown idea.

### HONEY ON THE FARM.

At the farmers' institute recently a representative of "The Farmer's Voice" met an aged farmer who keeps bees. It is so rarely that bees are found upon the farm nowadays that inquiries were made as to the farmer's experience. He said he keeps bees at all times and always had a supply of honey for his own table and a surplus to sell except in the poorest honey years. He gets as much as 80 pounds of surplus honey from a colony, and this sells very readily at his home for 12½¢ a pound. The income from this does not seem large but when there are twenty or more colonies and each of them returns from \$6 to \$10 a season, it adds to the revenue of the farm and is almost clear profit, as the labor of taking care of bees is hardly worth considering.

Honey will always be one of the luxuries, and there will never come a time when pure honey can not be sold at a good price. The cities are full of ranks of imitations of honey that sell at honey prices, and anyone who is able to furnish a supply of pure comb honey and get it to market in good shape may be sure of getting from 15¢ to 20¢ a pound for it.

### DISEASES OF FOWLS.

One teaspoonful of liquid carbolic acid given in two quarts of water is an excellent preventive of most diseases among fowls. One tablespoonful of chlorate of potash in one quart of water for roup; for little chicks that are weak in the legs, one teaspoonful of sulphate of soda in one quart of water. For worms, give ten drops of aloes or spirits of turpentine in a pint of water. For gapes, add a few drops of camphor or turpentine to the drinking water. For cold or catarrh, put ten drops of aconite in a pint of water. For sneezing or running at the nostrils, put about one tablespoonful of kerosene oil in one quart of water. Asafoetida tied up in a rag and placed in the drinking water for the fowls will be a good remedy for roup, also a preventive of most diseases.

## Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

**Hood's Pills**  
cleast, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25¢.

## Where "My Old Kentucky Home" Was Composed.

(BY SAM CARPENTER ELLIOTT.)  
I visited "Federal Hill" a few days ago. It is situated only a mile east of Bardstown. It was here that one of the most touching and famous songs of the century was composed. This old Kentucky home has been in the possession of the Rowan family for nearly a century. Judge John Rowan, once a United States Senator from Kentucky; and during his day one of the most famous jurists of the West, resided here for years. His son, the Hon. John Rowan, Jr., who was a man of splendid intellect and who held high official position during his lifetime, lived here until his death. Since then his widow, once a lady of great beauty and renowned popularity, and who even in her old age retains much of these splendid gifts, has resided.

Yes, it was here that "My Old Kentucky Home" was composed and sung.

One beautiful morning while the daisies were at work in the cornfields and the sun shone with mighty splendor upon the waving grain—first giving it a color of light red, then changing it to a golden hue—there was seated upon an old bench in front of this historic mansion two young people—a brother and a sister. High up in a treetop was a mocking bird warbling its sweet notes. Over in the hidden recesses of a small bush the thrush's mellow song could be heard. A number of small daisies were playing near the not far away cabin door. The air was refreshing—just one of those May mornings when all nature seems so beautiful and the feelings of everyone so comfortable. The young man was of medium size, with a strong and pleasant face.

Beside him was seated a young woman of great beauty. Her hair hung over her shoulders in long golden tresses; her form was symmetrical and her face was unusually beautiful. When the brother had finished the first verse the fair girl took the paper from his hand and sang in a soft, sweet voice:

"The sun shines bright on my old Kentucky home;  
'Tis summer, the daisies are all gay;  
The corn top's ripe and the meadow's in bloom,  
While the birds are making music all the day;  
The young folks roll on the little cabin floor,  
All merry, all happy, all bright;  
By-m by hard times comes a-knocking at the door—  
Then, my old Kentucky home, good-night!  
On finishing the first verse the mocking bird descended to a lower bough. The feathery songster drew his head to one side and appeared to be completely enraptured at the wonderful voice of the young singer.

When the last sweet note had died away upon the air her fond brother, who had just finished the chorus, sang in a deep bass voice: Weep no more, my lady; O, weep no more today!  
We'll sing you one song for the old Kentucky home;  
For our old Kentucky home far away.

The daisies had laid down the hoe and the rake; the little tots had placed themselves behind the large, sheltering trees, while the old black women were peeping around the corner of the mansion. The faithful old house dog, which lay basking in the sun, never took his eye off of the young singers. Everything was still, not even the stirring of the leaves seemed to break the wonderful silence. Again the brother and sister took hold of the remaining notes and both sang in sweet accents another verse:

They hunt no more for the 'possum and the coon,  
On the meadow, the hill and the shore;  
They sing no more by the glimmer of the moon,  
On the bench by the old cabin door;  
The days go by like a shadow o'er the heart;  
With sorrow where all was delight;  
The time has come when the daisies have to part,  
Then my old Kentucky home, good-night!

The thrush and the mocking bird drew closer and closer to the singers as they continued; The head must bow, and the back will have to bend,  
Wherever the daisies may go;  
A few more days and the trouble all will end.  
In the field where the sugar canes grow,  
A few days more to tote the weary load—  
No matter, it will never be light;  
A few more days till we totter on the road;  
Then my old Kentucky home, good-night!

As the singers finished tears flowed down the old daisies' cheeks. The very little children emerged from their hiding place with broad smiles upon their faces. The mocking bird and the thrush took wings to their homes, while the old coon dog still lay basking in the sun at the feet of the beautiful young maiden.

The young people were Stephen Collins Foster and Eliza C. Foster. Both were residents of Pennsylvania, but upon this occasion had come to Kentucky upon the pressing invitation of Judge Rowan to pay him an extended visit. Foster was the composer of many beautiful songs, but none of them the equal of "My Old Kentucky Home."

## Our Colored Citizens.

All communications and matters of news pertaining to this column should be addressed to: GEO. ALEXANDER, Earlington, Ky.

Mrs. Joe Morton is on the sick list.  
Mrs. Sarah Osborne was very sick last week.  
Mr. James Phelps, of Hopkinsville, was in the city Sunday.  
Bishop Pettie will be here soon. He will be in Louisville next Sunday.  
Remember the rally for the A. M. E. Zion Church, on the second Sunday in March.  
It is strange that some people can give good instruction, but can't live up to it.  
Mrs. Eliza McNary has been very sick.  
Mr. Harry Ray can see that fine boy.  
Mr. Sam Eaves says he is the best guitar player in town.  
Come out to the reading room to-night.  
What do you think of the crowd they had out from Madisonville Sunday night to the dance?

It is hoped that the trustees will some day learn the duty of trustees. They employ a strange teacher and turn him in at the school house door without knowing the manner of his ruling, and when anything occurs between the teacher and the pupils, they do not wait until they get the understanding of the matter, but they reach up and catch it as it passes by and carry it before the public and put both feet on it and begin to cut and gnaw until they excite the organs of speech and overwork their heart and lungs, and then gives up in despair because it cannot afford air enough to run his tongue. They make it appear to the people as if a volcano had exploded, but when we begin to search for the substance, we find it very weak. This occurred last Thursday night at the club by one of our trustees. C. F. B.

### MORTON'S GAP.

Miss Annie Bishop is visiting friends.  
J. W. Johnson has come to the front with 925 bushels of coal in four days.  
Rev. Rodgers, a white gentleman and evangelist preached at the Baptist church last Sunday for our people, but our white citizens would not let us have all of the spiritual food so ourselves.

Mr. Pete Long, of Crofton, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Frank Sharber.

Mrs. Millie Johnson, of White Plains, is here visiting relatives.

Mr. Isaac Nance has developed into a wonderful doctor. By the laying on of hands he can cause the lame to walk. See Prof. Lane.

A mighty thing will happen in the town soon that will cause everybody's ears to tingle.

It is probable that before the paper comes out two hearts will be made one.

Quite a crowd was out to hear the sermon "The Thing is True" at the 11 o'clock a. m., last Sunday.

### ST. CHARLES.

Rev. J. A. Barnett is recovering from his recent illness.

Mr. H. D. Cunningham is a frequent visitor in Allenstown.

Rev. J. H. Barnes filled his regular appointment here Sunday.

Mrs. Ed Johnson is on the sick list.

Rev. Killebrew preached at the Baptist church Sunday at 11 o'clock and Rev. Geo. Nunn at night.

What is the matter with our Crabtree friend?

The old people's party given at Mrs. Ed Johnson's some time ago, was indeed a success. Let's have another.

Messrs. Ed and Riley Hurt, James H. Martin and Mr. Hose Mitchell have taken their departure for home. Some hearts will almost break.

Misses Lemon Cunningham, Annie Earl, Cordie Teague and Medames W. R. Teague, George Nunn, Louis Earle, Geo. Sharp, E. Earl, H. Petty and J. Robertson were present at the quilting, given by Mrs. Joe Kinley last Friday.

### Be Beautiful.

If your blood is bad, your face shows it. It is nature warning you that the condition of the blood needs attention before serious diseases set in. Beauty is blood deep, and when you see pimples and liver spots on your face, go at once and secure a bottle of Carlsbad's German Liver Medicines, as they will purify the blood, clear the complexion and bring the rosy flush of health to the faded face and take away the liver spots and pimples. For sale by St. Bernard Drug Store.

The wire gauze which surrounds the flame of a safety lamp must be kept carefully free from dust and grease, for if the jet flame finds food in the metallic chimney, the flame will play through the meshes and the protection will fail.

### From Cripple Creek.

After the big fire in Cripple Creek, I took a very severe cold and tried many remedies without help, the cold only becoming more settled. After using three small bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, both the cough and cold left me, and in this high altitude it takes a meritorious Cough Remedy to do any good.—G. B. HENDERSON, editor Daily Advertiser. For sale at 25¢ and 50¢ per bottle by St. Bernard Drug Store, Earlington, Ben T. Robinson, Mortons Gap; George King, St. Charles.

"Do you ride a wheel?" "I ride two wheels."

The above was overheard in Dorchester, Mass., and suggests the peculiar inconsistency of calling a bicycle a wheel. It reminds us of Bill Nye's remark, "The man had a dark piercing eye and another that very closely resembled it."—L. A. W. Bulletin.

There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds of the children and babies as Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey. It cures croup, whooping cough, cold in the head, and gives sweet refreshing sleep. Children love it. Old people like it. Good druggist sell it.

### The Milling Site Selected.

The Acme Mills Company has bought a lot for the site of the new Coleman property. It is located in the Coleman property on the South-east corner of Railroad and Fourteenth street and fronts 135 feet on the L. & N. Railroad and 100 feet on Fourteenth. The price paid was \$425. Work will begin without delay.—Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

# ST. BERNARD COAL COMPANY.

(INCORPORATED.)

Miners and Shippers of **COAL AND COKE.**

General - Office, - Earlington, - Ky.

### Branch Offices.

M. CARROLL, Manager,  
337 Union Street, Nashville, Tenn.  
S. H. NEWBOLD, Manager,  
342 W. Main Street, Louisville, Ky.  
A. S. FORD, Manager, 327 Upper Second Street, Evansville, Ind.

### Branch Offices.

R. G. ROUSE, Manager,  
Palmer House, Broadway, Paducah, Ky.  
CAPT. T. L. LEE, Manager,  
Cor. Main and Auction Sts., Memphis, Tenn.  
A. S. FORD, Manager, 327 Upper Second Street, Evansville, Ind.

Wholesale Agents--JOHN T. HESSER, Hauser Building, St. Louis, Mo.; J. W. BRIDGMAN, Room 85, Hartford Building, Chicago, Ill.

# THE FAMOUS NO. 9. COAL.

For all uses, from Earlington, Diamond and St. Charles Mines. Only Vibrating Screens and Picking Tables used. **THE EST SELECTED COAL IN THE MARKET.**

# CRUSHED COKE FOR BASE BURNERS AND FURNACES.

Why buy High-priced Anthracite Coal, when you can get ST. BERNARD CRUSHED COKE for a much less price? One ton of the Crushed Coke will do the same work as one ton of the best Anthracite Coal.

**ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT AND SAVE MONEY**

# HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY!

**Positively the Greatest Bargain Ever Offered!**

For Daily Use in Your Home or Office and especially to aid the young folks in their studies, no single work in the world equals that matchless Reference Library, the New

# STANDARD AMERICAN ENCYCLOPEDIA

Prepared under editorial supervision of **John Clark Ridpath, LL.D.**  
author of "Ridpath's Histories," etc., assisted by a large corps of editors and over two eminent scholars and specialists.

**A Superb Reference Work**

treating over 60,000 topics (10,000 more than any other encyclopedia) covering the entire field of human knowledge, thought and endeavor, including The Arts, Sciences, Philosophy, History, Biography, Geography, Astronomy, Geology, Meteorology, Navigation, Exploration, Discovery, Agriculture, Horticulture, Commerce, Finance, Ethnology, Zoology, Botany, Chemistry, Physiology, Mineralogy, Electricity, Theology, Law, Medicine, Political Economy, Statistics, etc., etc.

**8 LARGE VOLUMES** Nearly 4,000 pages. Over 300 Colored Maps, Charts and Diagrams. Every Volume Mechanically Perfect.

**SIZE OF VOLUME**  
2 ins. Thick  
8 1/2 " Wide  
11 1/2 " Long

**For a Limited Time Only—ONE DOLLAR**  
Just to introduce the Work  
You thus secure this Splendid Reference Library at once for continued use and enjoyment.

**SEE HOW LATE IT IS!**  
people who have LATELY become famous, such, for instance, as PROF. ROENTGEN, discoverer of the "X RAY," IAN MACLAREN, DR. NANSSEN, the explorer; RUDYARD KIPLING, the celebrated writer. Besides this it is the only encyclopedia which presents all the LATEST STATISTICS—State, Territorial, and National, and of the whole world. It is the One Great, Practical Reference Library for the Professional and Business Man, the Teacher, the Student, the Farmer, the Artisan and the Mechanic.

**MAGNIFICENTLY ILLUSTRATED THROUGHOUT!**  
With over 3,500 engravings, of superb quality and wonderful variety, including numerous engraved portraits of distinguished Poets, Authors, Physicians, Chemists, Philosophers and Scientists, and with over 300 new maps, diagrams and charts from the VERY LATEST EXPLORATIONS AND SURVEYS, delineating Continents, Empires, Countries, States, Cities, Towns, Castles, Solar, Lunar, and Planetary Systems, and every portion of the known world, and forming a Complete and Indexed Atlas of the globe. **THE STANDARD AMERICAN** is the best illustrated and the best mapped Encyclopedia in the English Language.

**It is Now the Standard**  
Every school, college, court and public library, where the work has been thus far introduced, has immediately given it the preference over all others.

**THE NEW STANDARD AMERICAN ENCYCLOPEDIA** is brought down to the present time, and contains hundreds of articles on subjects not treated in any other reference work. Another important feature in which it stands absolutely alone is its very full appendices which embrace over 100 subdivisions, including a Biographical Dictionary, a Dictionary of Technical Terms, a Gazetteer of the United States, Statistics of Presidential Elections, State and Territorial Elections, Religious Summaries, Statistics of the Population of the World, and a Veritable Mine of Other Information on thousands of subjects of universal interest and importance.

**Our Great Introductory Offer**

To secure widespread and favorable publicity for **THE NEW STANDARD AMERICAN ENCYCLOPEDIA**, we have decided to place a few introductory sets in each community throughout the country for comparison with all other reference works as to plan, scope, lateness of treatment and general practical and educational value. We feel that every set will create a demand for others. While the distribution will be general in extent, it is not for a limited time only, after which our regular subscription sale will begin, at prices ranging from \$48 to \$72 a set, according to style of binding. Now, however, to quickly and thoroughly introduce the work, as above stated, we make the price merely nominal (about the cost of paper and printing), the distribution being limited to a very few weeks, reserving the privilege of withdrawing the offer at any time when we consider a sufficient number of these introductory sets, at the special price, has been distributed.

Send \$1 to **THE ENCYCLOPEDIA PUBLISHING CO.**, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City, and a full set of eight volumes of **THE NEW STANDARD AMERICAN ENCYCLOPEDIA** in cloth binding, will be forwarded to you at once. The balance is payable at the rate of \$1.50 monthly for one year, or about 5 cents a day. If you prefer the half-Morocco binding, the monthly payment will be \$2, and for full sheep, \$2.50 per month for the year. We recommend the half-Morocco style, which is particularly elegant and serviceable, and will last a lifetime. If not as represented any set may be returned within ten days and money will be promptly refunded. Owing to the nominal price at which these introductory sets are sold, transportation charges must be paid by purchaser. Our confidence that the volumes will be cheerfully paid for is shown by sending a \$48 set of books on payment of only \$1. We also feel that you will thoroughly appreciate the superb new work and speak favorably of it to others. Sample pages, with specimen illustrations, will also be sent on application until the offer is withdrawn. We refer you to the publisher of this newspaper. Always mention name of paper you see this offer in. Address:

**THE ENCYCLOPEDIA PUBLISHING CO., 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.**

W. A. NISBET, President  
O. W. WADDILL, Cashier  
Hopkins County

**BANK**

MADISONVILLE, KY.

Capital Stock, - - - \$50,000.

Transacts a general banking business and invites the accounts of the citizens of Hopkins and adjoining counties. Has the finest and most secure vault in that section of Kentucky.

Capital Stock Paid In, 50,000.  
Surplus Fund, 50,000.  
COMMENCED BUSINESS IN 1867.

**JNO. G. MORTON, BANKER.**

The advantages of a bank account are numerous. It is not to business men we are talking—they know all about it—but to startled men, wage earners and to women. There's safety in the bank is a good one. There's convenience—the money always ready and out of reach of your own petty squandering, too. It is easy to spend small sums when you have a large sum in your pocket.

MADISONVILLE, - KENTUCKY.

**BEN T. ROBINSON, DRUGGIST**

Morton's Gap, Kentucky

Always on hand a full and complete stock of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES PAINTS AND OILS. APOTHECARIES' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

**THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE**

Do not be deceived by altering advertisements and think you can get the best quality. Sewing Machine and most popular sewing machine. It is a new model, best from either of the two that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, freedom of finish, beauty in appearance or has so many improvements as the **NEW HOME**.

**WRITE FOR CIRCULARS.**

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.  
Orange, Mass., Boston, Mass., 25 Union Square, N.Y.,  
Chicago, Ill., St. Louis, Mo., Dallas, Texas,  
San Francisco, Cal., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE BY  
J. H. DEVLDER,  
Earlington, Ky.

**DR. MENDENHALL'S IMPROVED CHILL AND FEVER CURE.**

GUARANTEED TO CURE CHILLS AND FEVER. And Malaria in all forms. Tasteless, None genuine without the above picture and the signature of Dr. J. C. Mendenhall.

Price, 50 cents at all Dealers.

PREPARED ONLY BY **J. C. MENDENHALL, EVANSVILLE, IND.**

Sold by Mattingly & Co., Earlington  
Crabtree Coal Mining Company, Iley Kentucky.

**THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL**

**\$1 A YEAR.**

Issued Wednesday and Saturday Mornings.

Beginning January 1, 1897, the Weekly Courier-Journal was changed to the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal. Publication days are Wednesday and Saturday. The Wednesday paper will be devoted to news and political topics. The Saturday issue will be devoted to stories, miscellany, pictures, poetry, etc.—a perfect family paper.

Each issue will be six pages, or twelve pages a week—an increase of two pages a week, 104 pages or 52 columns a year.

The politics of the paper will not be changed, and the battle for pure Democracy and true Democratic principles will be continued successfully in the future as in the past. In spite of the expense involved in the improvements noted, the price of the Twice-a-week Courier Journal will remain the same, \$1 a year. A feature during the coming year will be the editorials of Mr. Henry Watterson on political and other topics of the day.

Daily Courier-Journal, 1 year, . . . \$6.00  
Daily and Sunday, 1 year, . . . 8.00  
Sunday alone, 1 year, . . . 2.00

**TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL AND THE BEE, EACH ONE YEAR For Only \$1.50.**

We have made a special clubbing arrangement with the Twice-a-week Courier-Journal, and will send that paper and ours for the price named to all our subscribers who will renew and pay in advance, or to all new subscribers who will pay in advance. Sample copies of Courier-Journal sent free on application.

All subscriptions under this offer must be sent to **THE BEE**

**Wanted—An Idea** Who can think of a new idea? they must be doing to profit. Write JOHN W. KIDDERMAN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. We offer \$1,000 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.